

# UPPER DOLPO TO JOMSOM GHT



**COUNTRIES VISITED:** **NEPAL**

**TRIP TYPE:** Trekking  
**TRIP GRADE:** Strenuous  
**TRIP STYLE:** Camping  
**5 Based On 12 Reviews**  
**KG Carbon Footprint**

**TRIP LEADER:** International Leader  
**GROUP SIZE:** 5 - 14 people  
**NEXT DEPARTURE:** 16 May 2025  
**13 Trees Planted for each Booking**

Our Upper Dolpo to Jomsom GHT trek visits a remote region of the Himalayas in mid-West Nepal close to the Tibet border. Inner Dolpo to Upper Mustang trek crosses high passes on a section of The Great Himalaya Trail.

After our May 2022 Upper Dolpo trek, we decided to update our itinerary. For future Dolpo treks, we will walk out over the Ghami La pass (5,715m) to Ghami village in Upper Mustang. Our old itinerary went over Sangda La passes, however, a new road is being built along this route. The trail to Ghami La is remote and is far away from any road or jeep tracks.

By walking our Upper Dolpo trek itinerary you will see a very isolated region of the Himalayas. After landing at Juphal airstrip near Dunai we follow the Phoksundo Lake trek for four days. North of this beautiful lake we cross the Churan La pass (5,380m) over to Shey Gompa. For the next ten days, we are trekking in Dolpo through villages such as Shimen, Tinje, and Chharka. We cross the Ghami La high pass out to Ghami village in Upper Mustang. This incredible Himalayan journey finishes at the town of Jomsom on [the Annapurna Circuit](#). Early the next morning we take a flight via Pokhara to Kathmandu.

You can read our Blog to find out if [Upper Dolpo is the most remote trek in Nepal?](#) In this article, we also explain how this isolated region is changing and why ours is the best itinerary in Dolpa. We have included this trek as one of the "Big 3" in our Blog article called [What Is The Best Trek In The Himalayas?](#)

We walk through Shey Phoksundo National Park inhabited by the Dolpo-pa people. The Upper Dolpo region, often known as Inner Dolpo or Dolpa, is one of the last enclaves of pure Tibetan culture. There are Bönpo (shamanistic pre-Buddhist) monasteries including the important Shey Gumpa. Pilgrims come to walk a religious circuit known as a kora around the nearby Crystal Mountain.

David Snelgrove wrote about the Dolpa region in his book "Himalayan Pilgrimage". More recently Peter Matthiessen wrote "The Snow Leopard". Our Upper Dolpo group in May 2022 saw a snow leopard only 100 metres away from camp. Eric Valli filmed his superb movie "Himalaya" in Inner Dolpo and this is well worth watching

This is a camping-style trekking expedition where you sleep in tents and our cooks provide the meals. If you prefer a lodge-based trek then take a look at [Everest Base Camp](#) or [Luxury Everest Base Camp](#).

## REASONS TO CHOOSE US

- We are Himalayan trekking specialists having operated trips in Nepal for many years. [Roland Hunter](#) has designed the itinerary from his first-hand experience of this trek.
- The Mountain Company has organised seven treks to Upper Dolpo since 2010. For more information on how these treks went please take a look at our Trip Reports (see our Reports and Reviews tab).
- For our 2024 departure, we walked out over the Ghami La pass Upper Mustang. This will avoid the new road that has recently been built over our old itinerary following Sangda La.
- Our [AITO Traveller Reviews for Upper Dolpo](#) have a holiday rating of 100%. Based on client feedback we won the 2018 Gold Award as AITO Tour Operator of the Year. Read more about our [Testimonials and Awards](#).
- We have included a gradual ascent profile in our itinerary for this trekking holiday. This will help you acclimatise to the high altitude.
- We use Mountain Hardwear Trango 3 tents for our camping treks in Nepal. These are high-quality three-person tents with space for two people plus gear.
- We review weather forecasts for the Dolpo region throughout this trek.
- We send a Thuraya satellite phone on our group treks in Nepal. Your leader will have reliable communications for logistics, planning, and group safety. We use GPS to upload your location daily onto Google Maps to track your progress during the trek.
- We provide the porters with windproof jackets & trousers, crampons, and shelter. We follow International Porter Protection Group ("IPPG") guidelines.
- We provide a range of tasty meals for breakfast, lunch, and supper. We give everyone in the group a chocolate or muesli bar per day. For breakfast, we provide fresh coffee from our Bialetti Moka coffee machine.
- We bring a comprehensive medical aid kit. There will also be a portable altitude chamber (PAC or Gamow bag).
- Our team with first-hand knowledge of this trek provides pre-trip support. During high season we have someone from our UK Operations team based in Kathmandu.

## WHAT'S INCLUDED

- Trekking arrangements. Including permits and fees, tents, International and Sherpa guides, porters, and cooks. Restricted area permit for Upper Dolpo and Upper Mustang costing US\$1,370 per person.
- All internal transport and transfers including airport collections.
- Internal flights. The flights are from Kathmandu to Nepalganj & Juphal. After the trek from Jomsom to Pokhara & onto Kathmandu. The weight allowance is 15kg for your main bag checked into the hold and 5kg for your day pack. The internal flights Kathmandu-Nepalganj-Juphal-Pokhara-Kathmandu cost US\$590.
- Twin-share rooms at Hotel Ambassador in Kathmandu and Hotel Siddhartha or Soaltee Western in Nepalganj.
- Breakfast only in Kathmandu and Nepalganj, all meals are included while on the trek.
- Twin share tents while on trek using our Mountain Hardwear Trango 3 tents. These are three-person domed tents with plenty of space for two people sharing plus gear.
- Porters to carry your main bag. The porterage allowance is 15kg.
- Weather forecasts for the Dolpo region during your trek.
- Thuraya satellite phone for organising logistics and medical evacuations. It can also be used for personal calls at extra cost.

- GPS tracking on Google Maps. Your friends and family can track your progress during the trek.
- A trekking map is given to you on arrival in Kathmandu.
- UK-registered charity, Pipal Tree, will plant 13 trees for you in the Gurkha Memorial Forest in southern Nepal.
- Full financial protection for bookings from the UK (ATOL) and internationally (ABTOT). Our Air Travel Organiser's Licence (ATOL) number is 10921. Our Association of Bonded Travel Operators Trust (ABTOT) membership number is 5365).
- Pre-departure support and advice from The Mountain Company. We are available by email, phone, Zoom, or face-to-face meetings.

## WHAT'S NOT INCLUDED

- International flight to/from Kathmandu.
- Travel & trekking insurance.
- Nepal visa for 30 days.
- Lunch and evening meals in Kathmandu and Nepalganj.
- For personal clothing & equipment, please see the Appendix for the suggested kit list.
- Tips to the trek crew. Each trekker should budget for giving tips into the group fund. This should be in the region of 25,000 Nepalese rupees (approx. £155 or US\$195)
- If you have to wait in Nepalganj due to delays flying into Jupal accommodation is not included.
- If the airlines cancel the flights to Jupal it may be possible to take a flight by helicopter. This would cost extra depending on which helicopter company and the demand at the time.
- Other items not listed in "What is included".

## ITINERARY

### DAY 1: ARRIVE IN KATHMANDU (1,400M)

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Arrival in Kathmandu

None

Hotel Ambassador in Kathmandu

Flying into Kathmandu on a clear day is in itself an unforgettable experience. The Himalayan peaks are only a short distance north of the capital of Nepal as seen from the plane. After customs, you will pass into the passenger pick-up area outside the building. You will see a Mountain Company signboard. Our representative will be waiting to welcome you to Nepal.

After transferring to your hotel we will give you a full trek briefing. The rest of the day will be yours to explore Kathmandu and to make final preparations for the trek. You will hear the Nepalese word for hello 'Namaste', you will never forget that word after this holiday.

### DAY 2: FLY TO NEPALGANJ (150M)

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Fly to Nepalganj

Breakfast

Soaltee Western Premium or Hotel Siddhartha

We take the flight to Nepalgunj in western Nepal. There are good views of the Himalayan mountains from the right side of the plane. Nepalgunj is the largest city in the Terai with a hot and humid climate.

**Important note:** there is a safety risk to consider when flying on airlines in Nepal. For information about the aviation risk in Nepal read the relevant sections "Threat and Risk Assessment" and "Internal flights in Nepal". Please get in touch with us if you would like to discuss this further.

### **DAY 3: FLY TO JUPHAL (2,475M), TREK TO DUNAI (2,090M)**

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Fly to Juphal

Walking for 14.5km (3 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 615m

Walking descent 1,000m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

After an early morning start we take a flight to Juphal the main airport of the Dolpa district. After landing at the short takeoff and landing "STOL" mountain airstrip we meet the trek crew. Once the porters have loaded up we start the Dolpa trek. We walk through terraced fields by the Thuli Bheri river and then up to the town of Dunai.

### **DAY 4: TREK TO CHHEPKA (2,665M)**

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Walking for 30km (7 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 2,300m

Walking descent 1,700m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

From Dunai we descend to cross a suspension bridge at the confluence with the Suli Gad River. We follow this river for the next three days up to Phoksundo Lake. The entrance to Shey Phoksundo National Park is at Sulighat. This is Nepal's largest covering an area of 3,555 square kilometres.

For the rest of the day, we hike along a trail passing through forests of pine, fir trees, and giant red cedars. The hillside is covered with lush vegetation and it is likely you will see troops of langur monkeys. We pass the basic houses of Jyalhasa the winter settlement of the villagers from Ringmo. We camp for the night at a grassy campsite at Chhepka. The local women wear Tibetan jewelry with turquoise, coral, and amber necklaces.

The walk today should take about 4 hours to lunch and in the afternoon a further 3 ½ hours to Chhepka.

### **DAY 5: TREK TO AMCHI HOSPITAL (3,130M)**

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Walking for 31km (6 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 2,775m

Walking descent 2,300m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

Today we follow the trail on both sides of the valley with the crossings on good bridges. In some places we walk near the river and at other times on a narrow path high up in the gorge. We see forests of horse chestnut, larch and birch with bamboo stands further up the valley.

In the afternoon the valley widens out and we pass a river confluence. Pugma Khola flows from Jumla and we follow the Phoksumdo Khola. Heading north we reach a bridge that leads to Amchi Hospital. "Amchi" is the name for traditional Tibetan medicine.

It should take about 4 hours walking to lunch and in the afternoon a further 2 ½ hours to Amchi Hospital.

## **DAY 6: TREK TO RINGMO AND PHOKSUNDO LAKE (3,640M)**

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Walking for 7.5km (2 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 860m

Walking descent 345m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

After leaving Camp we pass a place called Palam which is another winter settlement. We continue ascending for another hour to the ridge at about 3,800 meters. From here we see the highest waterfall in Nepal flowing out from Phoksundo Lake. The trail descends through a birch forest and we reach Ringmo village. There are chortens and mani walls at the entrance of the village. It is a short walk to the camp on the shores of the beautiful Phoksundo Lake.

Today's walk should take about 2 ½ hours walking to Phoksundo Lake where you will have lunch.

## **DAY 7: REST AND ACCLIMATISATION DAY AT PHOKSUNDO LAKE (3,640M)**

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Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

We have two nights at Phoksundo Lake at an altitude of 3,640m for essential acclimatisation. During the day we explore Ringmo village and the Bönpo Buddhist monastery. Bönpos circumambulate chortens anticlockwise rather than clockwise as done by Buddhists.

## **DAY 8: TREK TO PHOKSUNDO LAKE NORTH CAMP (3,620M)**

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Walking for 10km (3 1/4 hours)

Walking ascent 1,185m

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Walking descent 1,190m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

Beyond Ringmo we enter Upper Dolpo where it is necessary to have the restricted area permit. We follow the western side of Phoksundo Lake along a narrow cliff trail. This is the "Devil's trail" followed by Thinline in Eric Valli's film "Himalaya".

The path ascends to a ridge with views over the turquoise lake. From here you can see the peaks of Kanjiroba (6,612m), Norbung Kang (6,085) and Jhyarko Dingla (5,892m). We descend through stands of birch trees to our campsite on the northern shore of Phoksundo Lake.

## **DAY 9: TREK TO LAR TSA CAMP (4,290M)**

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Walking for 29km (7 hours)

Walking ascent 2,640m

Walking descent 1,975m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

Leaving Camp we follow a wide valley with braided tributaries of Phoksumdo Khola. After two hours of walking through pine and birch forest we pass a place called Chunemba.

We have lunch at a kharka near the river confluence with Tuk Kyaksa Khola. From the grassy lunch spot, we head north for a stretch before picking up the steep trail through the grassy slopes to your right. These take you up to about 4,250 metres before you descend into the next valley (unnamed river on map). The Lar Tsa camp is right at the head of this valley.

This area produces a lot of Cordyceps sinensis. This is also known as caterpillar fungus (or "yarchagompa"). The fungus is a medicinal used by practitioners of Tibetan and Chinese medicine. In May and June, people travel here to collect yarchagompa.

There is a spectacular view of Kanjiroba Himal (6,612m) from Lar Tsa camp. Stopping here, rather than continuing onto Snowfields Camp, is important for acclimatisation. This helps you adapt to the high altitude for crossing Kang La over to Shey.

Today it is likely we have a river crossing so it is a good idea to pack your sandals.

## **DAY 10: TREK TO SNOWFIELDS CAMP (4,675M)**

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Walking for 4km (2 hours)

Walking ascent 540m

Walking descent 150m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

## Camping

From Camp, we walk further up the valley before crossing the river on a bridge. The vegetation here is juniper and azalea. We climb up a scree slope on a trail with switchbacks and exit to grassy slopes. Then we ascend to the ridge and then traverse along into the valley. The Snowfields Camp is next to a river and at the base of Churan La (sometimes called Chutong La) that crosses into Upper or Inner Dolpo. You are likely to see herds of blue sheep in this area. Peter Mathiesson named this Camp in his book "Snow Leopard".

## DAY 11: REST & ACCLIMATISATION DAY AT SNOWFIELDS CAMP

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Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

## Camping

Today is an essential rest and acclimatisation at Snowfields Camp before crossing the Kang La pass tomorrow. This will also give the guides a chance to check the condition of the pass and break trail through the snow if required.

## DAY 12: CROSS CHURAN LA (5,330M), TREK TO SHEY GOMPA (4,320M)

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Walking for 17km (6 to 7 hours)

Walking ascent 1,020m

Walking descent 1,375m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

## Camping

From Camp, we cross the river and then walk up grassy slopes to join the valley approaching the Churan La at an altitude of 5,380m. In fact there are two passes with the higher one called Churan La to the right. The other pass to the left is an unnamed pass at a slightly lower elevation (both of these are marked on our [Google Maps for Upper Dolpo to Jomsom GHT](#) trek). Usually, we cross Churan La (right-hand pass) although if too snowy then we cross the left-hand pass. places to cross the pass and the one to the right is often snowy. Even during June, there can be patches of snow so it is important to have two walking poles and your micro crampons at hand.

It should take about 3 hours to reach the Churan La pass. The view is spectacular of Kanjiroba to the West, the huge massif of Dhaulagiri East and into Tibet in the North. The descent from the pass is on scree making for a rapid descent down to Hubajung Khola where we have lunch. The valley narrows to a gorge made of stratified orange rock. After an hour we pass a long mani wall and shortly after Shey Gompa is visible down the valley.

Shey is at a river confluence under Crystal Mountain. This peak is so-called because of the veins of quartz. It is the holiest mountain in Inner Dolpa and is known as the younger brother to Mount Kailash in Tibet. Pilgrims make a kora (or circuit) of Crystal Mountain, and according to the lama, this takes them 12 hours. Our camp is below the monastery in a grassy area with several herders' huts nearby.

## DAY 13: EXPLORATION DAY AT SHEY GOMPA (4,310M)

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Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

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## Camping

After the tough day crossing Churan La we have a rest day for both the group and trek crew. We have time to explore Shey and its gumpa, relax, and also do some laundry if you like. In the afternoon we recommend that you visit Tsakang Gumpa perched on a cliff an hour's walk from Shey. You may see several herds of blue sheep along the trail.

## **DAY 14: CROSS SALDANG LA (5,100M), TREK TO NAMGUNG VILLAGE (4,400M)**

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Walking for 16.5km (6 hours)

Walking ascent 1,135m

Walking descent 1,050m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

## Camping

From Shey we head East following Sephu Khola. We pass many mani walls and isolated fields. There are also several seasonal settlements for yak herders known as doksas. After one hour we take a trail up a valley heading North East. This opens up into a bowl covered with loose scree in varying hues of yellow and orange.

On reaching the summit of Saldang La we enjoy panoramic views. You can see east into Mustang and west to Crystal Mountain and Kanjiroba. The landscape is like the arid Tibetan plateau with folded strata visible in the rocks.

We descend from the pass keeping to the left. The dusty trail has little vegetation apart from a few isolated pin cushion mosses. After a descent to a stream, we contour further until you see the red and white gumpa on cliffs above Namgung. There are stone houses in the village as well as the monastery.

Our Camp is outside the village below the entrance chortens and mani wall. It should take about 3 hours to walk to lunch before the pass and in the afternoon a further 3 hours to Namgung.

## **DAY 15: TREK TO TORA SUMDA (3,690M)**

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Walking for 22.5km (6 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 1,125m

Walking descent 1,830m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

## Camping

After leaving Namgung the trail traverses high above the village. There are good views back to Saldang La crossed yesterday. After a few hours of contouring we reached a crest. From here we see Saldang village below and mountains in Tibet to the North. Look out for eagles soaring high in the skies.

The Dolpo-pa (inhabitants of Dolpo) lead a precarious life in this harsh environment. They grow what they can from this dry land as well grazing large numbers of yaks and goats. To make up their shortfall in food supply they trade with Tibet using large caravans of yaks. In the past they traded salt for grain. This is supplemented by manufactured Chinese goods and yarchagumpa collected in the Dolpa area.



We have lunch in Saldang village. Afterwards we take the high level trail to Karang village. In June time the villagers will be busy ploughing and planting their fields. We descend to the valley and walk along the river bank to our camp at Tora Sumda. This is at the confluence of Wagon Khola and Panzang Khola.

## **DAY 16: TREK VIA YANJER GOMPA TO MISCHAGAON VILLAGE (4,135M)**

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Walking for 22km (5 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 2,090m

Walking descent 1,645m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

Today is one of the highlights of the trek following one of the most culturally interesting regions on the trek visiting a valley close to Tibet rarely seen by other trekkers. This valley is very rich in wildlife, look out for herds of blue sheep, musk deer, Himalayan fox and snow leopard (in May 2010 we met an American group who saw a snow leopard an hour earlier).

Shortly after Camp, we cross the new bridge over Panzang Khola to the north bank. At Yanjer village we will visit Dolpo's oldest gumpa surrounded by mani walls and nine chortens, after the village the valley narrows to a beautiful gorge with orange and yellow rock.

It is not possible to follow the Panzang Khola direct to Shimen village instead we have to bypass this precipitous gorge by crossing Muri La to the north. Tonight we Camp in a field on the outskirts of Mischagaon village (also known as Mugaon). It should take about 3 hours to walk to lunch and in the afternoon a further 2 ½ hours to Mischagaon.

## **DAY 17: TREK TO CHANPOLA GOth NEAR SHIMEN VILLAGE (4,200M)**

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Walking for 12.5km (5 hours)

Walking ascent 1,280m

Walking descent 1,210m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

Shortly after leaving Camp, we walk through Mischagaon. After looking around the village we leave by ascending the slopes behind on a good trail up to Muri La. It is a long climb and we cross a ridge before reaching the pass. From the top of the pass, there are superb views over to Dhaulagiri. You can also see the peaks of Tshu Kalpo Kang Serku Dholam and Tripura Thumba.

There is a steep and loose descent from the pass so it is a good idea to bring your trekking pole(s). After dropping 500m in altitude we will stop for lunch on a grassy area near a river. Afterward we follow a gorge passing a small waterfall to Chanpola Goth. The camp is in a grassy area next to a yak herders' settlement near a river. North from here is a trail to Tibet where there is trading between Dolpo-pa and Tibetans.

It should take about 3 hours to complete the long ascent to the pass and 2 hours to descent to Chanpola Goth

## **DAY 18: TREK TO TINJE VILLAGE (4,170M)**

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Walking for 27km (6 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 1,335m

Walking descent 1,360m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

After leaving camp it takes about an hour to walk down the valley to Shimen in the Panzang valley. This valley is one of the four main valleys in Upper Dolpo. The others being Tarap, Nangkhong and Tsharka. This village has groves of willow and a mani wall over 600m in length. Nearby there are fields of buckwheat, barley and potatoes.

After an hour we walk up alongside the river under overhanging conglomerate rocks. We then climb up to reach Mendo Camp on a grassy shelf. Shortly after you see Pu gumpa on the other side of the river. You follow Panzang Khola for a further 1 ½ hour to our lunch spot next to Namygal chorten.

After lunch the valley widens out. After several hours we pass through the hamlet of Phalwa. Tibetans live in this place where the men have red sashes in their hair. Soon after we arrived in Tinje. This is one of the larger villages in Upper Dolpo located in a wide valley. There are extensive fields with two gompas and an old fort.

The Dolpo-pa artist Tenzing Norbu Lama was born in this village. At a young age he trained in the art of traditional Tibetan thangka painting. Now Norbu's art is well known.

To get to our camp for the night we walk past the disused airstrip then descend to a grassy area by the river.

Today it should take about 3 1/2 hours to walk to lunch and in the afternoon a further 3 hours to Tinje.

## **DAY 19: TREK TO RAPKA (4,495M)**

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Walking for 24km (6 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 920m

Walking descent 600m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

We follow Panzang Khola past ruins of an old settlement on the other side of the river. After two hours we arrive at the river confluence where we take the left tributary Kehen Khola. We walk for a further hour to reach our lunch spot in a grassy area next to the river.

After lunch we continue walking up the left bank of Kehen Khola. We pass through several doksas before arriving at Rakpa where we camp for the night.

It should take about 3 hours walking to lunch and in the afternoon a further 3 ½ hours to Rapka.

## **DAY 20: TREK TO POKHARI (4,900M)**

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Walking for 13.5km (4 hours)

Walking ascent 530m

Walking descent 130m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

As today is a shorter walk, we usually bring along snacks for the morning's walk and then have lunch after arrival at camp. Our previous groups have seen footprints of the snow leopard along this section of trail. Pokhara camp is located about 1 to 1/2 hours before the Mu La.

## **DAY 21: CROSS MU LA (5,045M), TREK TO CHHARKA VILLAGE (4,300M)**

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Walking for 15km (4 hours)

Walking ascent 365m

Walking descent 965m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

We leave camp and start the climb to the pass by reaching a cairn at 4,950m. The valley widens again with many yaks grazing on the extensive pastures. From here you should be able to see another cairn and trail up to Mu La. On reaching the summit of the pass at an altitude of 5,045m we are rewarded with a spectacular view. After a short descent, the Dhaulagiri massif appears on the right.

On the descent from the pass, the trail contours high above Chharka Tulsi Khola. Several times we descend and then climb out of side valleys. After passing the entrance chortens and the school you enter the old village. This place has narrow alleys and courtyards of houses with their animals.

## **DAY 22: REST DAY AT CHHARKA VILLAGE (4,320M)**

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Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

Today we have a rest day for the group and trek crew. You can explore Chharka and take some time to relax before the final section of the trek out to Jomsom. In the village, we can visit the two gompas, both Buddhist and Bönpo, representing the two religions of Dolpo.

## **DAY 23: TREK TO NAKHKHAM KHOLA (4,815M)**

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Walking for 20.5km (6 1/2 hours)

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Walking ascent 1,265m

Walking descent 765m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

After leaving Chharka, we follow Filung Khola for 1/2 hour. Then we cross to the other side and continue to trek eastward. From here, we enjoy a magnificent view of Kira Fook Mountain. We walk along the Dhulji River all the way to the campsite. We stop for a lunch after 3 1/2 hours at Kharka also known as Triku Lhe at an altitude of 4,490m. After lunch, we pass through an area with thorny bushes and cross the river again.

Further on, we walk on a rocky path and the trail goes gradually uphill for an hour. As we reach the top, we descend for 1/2 hour through a landslide area. Here the route has been worn away and the best route is to go up alongside it, to the right of it, and over the top of it. Afterwards, we enter a wide valley called Silde Chaur at an altitude of 4,810m and we camp next to the river. Bring sandals for river crossings.

## **DAY 24: TREK TO GHAMI LA HIGH CAMP (5,345M)**

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Walking for 15km (5 hours)

Walking ascent 790m

Walking descent 260m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

Leaving Nakham Khola camp, we cross the small river. Then we climb uphill and at the top of the slope, we enter another beautiful valley. Along the way to High Camp, we walk across a moraine-covered glacier. Ghami La High Camp is set in a spectacular location at an altitude of 5,345m.

## **DAY 25: CROSS GHAMI LA (5,705M), TREK TO KHARKA (5,385M)**

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Walking for 12km (5 hours)

Walking ascent 460m

Walking descent 420m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

From High Camp, we turn the corner and follow a valley heading to the South. After ascending for an hour, we get a good view of a high-altitude lake. The trail continues going up on a trail through a boulder field to the summit of Ghami La Pass (5,705m). From the top of the pass, there is a panoramic view of the Dhaulagiri massif, Nilgiri, Araniko Chuli, and its close siblings. Also, there is another beautiful lake on the Mustang side of the pass. We descend from the pass for 1 1/2 hours across another glacier and past several more lakes. Further on, the trail is less steep and we reach the beautiful campsite in a rocky bowl at Kharka (5,390m). In practice, we do not descend too far from Ghami La to Kharka due to the lack of campsites lower down the valley.

## **DAY 26: TREK TO CAMP BEFORE GHAMI (4,895M)**

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Walking for 15km (4 hours)

Walking ascent 250m

Walking descent 740m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

We continue descending the main valley and set up camp after about 4 to 5 hours. The trail is a steady gradient for a couple of hours before the valley narrows. Below 5,000m there are some landslides to cross, a river crossing, and another small landslide. The camp at 4,930m is at the last place possible before Ghami village (too far to walk today).

## **DAY 27: TREK TO GHAMI VILLAGE (3,570M)**

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Walking for 18km (5 1/2 hours)

Walking ascent 885m

Walking descent 2,210m

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Camping

The short route to Ghami village through the gorge is not possible. On leaving camp you must stay on the high ground on the right, traversing landslides and cresting two ridges before you can descend. The scenery is amazing and eventually, after 4 hours or so, you start the long descent to Ghami. There are several river crossings today so please pack your sandals. Ghami village has traditional houses and is influenced by Tibetan cultures and traditions.

## **DAY 28: DRIVE TO JOMSOM (2,670M)**

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Drive for 7 hours

Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Teahouse lodge

## **DAY 29: FLY TO POKHARA & KATHMANDU**

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Flight to Pokhara & Kathmandu

Breakfast

Hotel Ambassador in Kathmandu

We take an early morning flight from Jomsom to Pokhara then onto Kathmandu.

## DAY 30: SPARE DAY IN KATHMANDU

Breakfast

Hotel Ambassador in Kathmandu

This is a buffer day in case of delays flying back from Jomsom.

## DAY 31: FLY BACK HOME

Flight home

Breakfast

Transfer to Kathmandu airport for the flight back home. End of trip.

## DATES & PRICES

### 2025

Dates	Trip Leader	Price	Single Supplement: Room/Tent	Availability
16 May 2025 to 15 Jun 2025	International Leader	US\$7,395pp US\$7,195pp	US\$300pp / US\$500pp	5 Left to Guarantee Early Bird Discount

### 2026

Dates	Trip Leader	Price	Single Supplement: Room/Tent	Availability
15 May 2026 to 14 Jun 2026	International Leader	US\$7,395pp US\$7,195pp	US\$300pp / US\$500pp	5 Left to Guarantee Early Bird Discount

## PRACTICAL INFORMATION

A Typical Day On Trek

### TYPICAL DAY ON CAMPING TREK IN NEPAL

We provide a comfortable experience on our camping style treks. Our team works hard to support you so that you can relax and enjoy [trekking in Nepal](#). We provide personal tents, mess tent, kitchen tent and toilet tent(s). The camp will be set up and dismantled by the trek crew. We bring along a cook and kitchen helpers to provide the meals.

The day starts with an early morning mug of tea brought to your tent by one of the trek crew. Before

heading for breakfast you pack your overnight gear into your duffel bag. During breakfast the trek crew pack away the tents. The porters arrange their loads and set off on the trail in the cool of the morning. After breakfast, between 7am and 8am, we start walking.

The pace of the trek is moderate as there is plenty of time in the itinerary to reach the camp for tonight. There will be plenty of time to enjoy the scenery, take photos and explore the local villages. Lunch will be around midday at a spot by the side of the trail. Our cooks prepare lunch for us and the food is usually ready by the time the group arrives.

After lunch we continue the walk and on most days we arrive to camp by mid afternoon. Some of the trek crew would have gone ahead of the group to set up camp and to put up the tents. On arrival to camp you will get a hot drink and biscuits. In the evening our cook will provide a three course meal in the mess tent around 6pm.

After supper the leaders will discuss the plan for the next day. Afterwards people might stay in the mess tent chatting about the day's events or playing cards. After a tiring day most people head to their tent quite early for the night. Tomorrow is likely to be very similar as today! The only difference is that if we are crossing a high pass or climbing to a summit we leave camp earlier in the morning.

You can read more about our [Camping Treks in Nepal](#) on our Blog. This article explains the advantages of camping versus teahouse lodge treks. It also describes what the campsite set up is like and more about the food provided by our cooks.

Food provided on Camping Trek

## **FOOD PROVIDED ON CAMPING TREK IN NEPAL**

While on a camping style trek in Nepal we provide tasty and nutritional food. We make sure there is more than enough quantity to go around as trekkers will be hungry after a long day on the trail. Over the years we have worked on increasing the variety of the menus. We have expanded the list of ingredients provided to the cooks so they have more to work with. Also in 2015 we purchased two food dehydrators with a vacuum sealing machine. We dehydrate a large number of different vegetables in Kathmandu before departure. This has transformed the quality of food especially on longer treks to remote areas.

For breakfast we provide porridge or cereal, toast or chapatis and eggs. There will be hot drinks including tea, herbal teas, hot chocolate and coffee. We provide fresh coffee from our Bialetti Moka coffee machine.

For lunch we stop at a convenient spot with water at the side of the trail. The cook and kitchen walk ahead of the group in the morning and lunch should be ready shortly after our arrival. After lunch we have time to relax before starting to walk again in the afternoon.

On arrival at camp in the afternoon you have biscuits and a hot drink such as tea or coffee. Around 6pm we serve a three course meal in the mess tent. The starter is often soup with popcorn or poppadoms. We have a range of main dishes and carbohydrates including rice, potatoes or pasta.

We cater for a variety of dietary requirements. Our meals are suitable for vegetarians. If there is a meat dish then we also provide vegetarian options as standard. During booking we find out if you have any dietary needs and agree upon meal plans before departure. If you have any questions about the food provided please get in touch with us to discuss further.

Communications

## **COMMUNICATIONS**

We bring a Thuraya satellite phone for logistical, safety and personal use. Personal calls charged at £4 (US\$5 or €4.50) per minute and £2 (US\$3 €4.50) to send and receive SMS text.

Kit List

## KIT LIST FOR UPPER DOLPO TREK

This is the mandatory kit list for the safety of everyone in the group and to ensure a successful trek. You must have the following items tailored for the Upper Dolpo trek. The group leader will check your gear in Kathmandu before departure for the trek.

As a reminder, the weather on this trek will vary from season to season and day to day as you ascend to higher elevations. At the start of the trek you will experience hot conditions with temperatures up to 25 Celsius. You experience the coldest temperatures in Sangda Phedi at an altitude of 5,100m. **Maximum overnight lows for the May departure will be down to around -7°C**

You should bring a rucksack or backpack for the gear required during the day. Your pack should contain items such as warm clothes, jacket, camera, water bottles, personal first aid kit and snacks. **The weight limit is 5kg.** A porter will carry the rest of your personal equipment packed in a duffel or kit bag. **The weight limit for your duffel bag is 15kg.** Please mark your bag on the outside for easy identification.

Print the kit list and tick items off as you pack them then weigh your kit bag before you come on trek.

### Footwear

- Walking Boots. A pair of water-repellent boots with ankle support. Boots must be in good condition, the best approach is to get new boots and break in before the trek. Over the years we have had several boots fall apart so you should also bring trail shoes as a backup.
- Trail shoes. Used around camp and as a replacement if your walking boots fall apart!
- Sandals. Enclosed sandals are best to protect your feet during river crossings. Required for river crossings as well as two trekking poles.
- Walking socks.

### Clothing

- Waterproof and Windproof jacket (with hood) and trousers (goretex or similar). For use if it rains or snows during the trek and in windy conditions.
- Trekking trousers. (eg. Mountain Hardwear Mesa V2 or The North Face Paramount Peak).
- Soft Shell Trousers.
- Long sleeve tops or shirts (not cotton).
- Micro fleece.
- Mid to heavyweight fleece or synthetic/ primaloft top.
- Sleeveless/ gilet or body warmer type fleece / synthetic top. This will help keep your core warm while not bulking when layering up. Gilet used in combination with base layers, other fleeces and down jacket. This provides the most warmth and insulation.
- Thermals or base layer for top & bottom (merino wool or synthetic).
- Fleece or synthetic leggings. Worn around the camp or added as a layer when the temperatures start to drop higher up.
- Medium-weight down jacket.

### Heads and Gloves

- Fleece gloves.
- Warm mittens and/or gloves.
- Wool or fleece hat.
- Sun hat.
- Bandana or scarf (eg. Buff Headwear).
- Head torch. Bring extra batteries.
- Sunglasses. The lenses need to be Category 4 rated. They should have side protection or wraparound design.

### For crossing the passes

- Trekking poles (Black Diamond with "Flick Lock" are best). Two poles are mandatory for your safety. These will be helpful on steep sections of the trail and river crossings. Also for walking on snow or ice higher up.
- [Kahtoola Microspikes](#) or [YakTrax Summits](#). These are for your security when descending passes with



snowy or icy conditions. They fit onto your walking boots.

- Gaiters. A pair of knee-high gaiters used to keep boots dry if walking through snow or on wet ground.

## Personal equipment

- Sleeping bag. Overnight lows down to -7 Celsius. It is possible to rent a bag from Shonas Rental in Kathmandu.
- Fleece or silk liner for your sleeping bag. A liner protects your sleeping bag from getting dirty. Also helps by adding extra insulation to keep you warm at night.
- Sleeping mat (eg. Thermarest). On trek, we provide everyone with a foam mat. We recommend two layers for insulation and comfort. We also provide everyone with a pillow.
- Day pack. Recommended size is around 40 litres. You need to have enough space to carry water bottles, camera, snacks and extra clothing and climbing gear. The pack should have a good waist belt. It is also a good idea to bring a rain cover to keep the contents dry.
- Stuff sacks for keeping your gear dry and organised. Or even better are fold- dry bags such as from Exped.
- Two water bottles. Nalgene wide mouth bottles are the best. You may use a hydration pack lower down but the tube will freeze in the cold so ensure you still have two water bottles.
- Pee bottle. Recommended as means you do not have to get up to find the toilet tent at night! For men you can use an old water bottle. For women take a look at SheWee.
- Sunscreen and lip salve with a high SPF.
- Water purification tablets (Pristine, Biox Aqua or Aqua Mira).
- Favourite snack food.
- Books and cards etc.
- Camera with spare batteries and memory cards.
- Insurance certificate.
- Earplugs (optional).
- Baby wipes (optional).
- Hand sanitizer. Keep this in your day pack for use after a toilet break during the trek or before eating any snacks. We provide sanitizer for use before meals.

## Travelling

- Duffel bag for your personal gear on the trek (carried by a porter). Rugged and waterproof made of a plastic material. Size 100-120 litres. Eg. Mountain Equipment 100l or Rab 120l. Bring a small combination padlock to secure the bag.
- Travel clothes. You will need casual clothing for air travel days and time spent in Kathmandu.
- Toiletry bag with soap, travel towel, toothbrush etc. We provide toilet paper while on trek.

## Personal first aid kit

We provide a [comprehensive group first aid kit](#). Please bring personal medications and other items you might use such as:

- Any personal medications.
- Blister treatment (Compeed patches are the best)
- Rehydration powder (eg Dioralyte).
- Analgesics (paracetamol, ibuprofen and aspirin).
- Plasters and zinc oxide tape.
- Throat lozenges.
- Diamox (helps with acclimatisation).

Threat and risk assessment

## RISK ASSESSMENT FOR UPPER DOLPO TREK

You should be aware trekking in a developing country involves a risk of personal injury or death. You must accept these risks and be responsible for your own actions and involvement. Adventure travel requires an open and flexible attitude. You may experience extreme conditions and unpredictable weather. There could be last-minute changes to the itinerary beyond our control. The ability to work in a team is an important aspect of our trips.

We have performed a threat and risk assessment for our Upper Dolpo to Jomsom GHT trek. Our trips have a degree of risk. This is part of the attraction of adventure travel and why so many people choose to join this type of holiday. By identifying the hazards on this trek we assess the level of risk. We have control measures in place to reduce this happening or to reduce the impact.

Our risk assessment is available to clients on request. We have listed below a summary of the significant risks and hazards identified by us:

- Falls and trips resulting in physical injury eg. slipping on ice or falling off the path.
- Altitude illness including but not limited to AMS, HACE, and HAPE.
- Getting lost or becoming separated from the group e.g. crossing passes in a whiteout.
- Severe bad weather and conditions when camping.
- Climatic injuries (dehydration, sunburn, heat exhaustion, hypothermia or heat stroke).
- Crossing a river with no bridge resulting in drowning and/ or a fall.
- Rockfall and landslides.
- Snow and ice avalanches e.g. crossing Kang la pass.
- Lightning strike.
- Wildlife, pack animals (e.g. donkeys or horses), or stray dogs. Pack animals can knock people off the path. Dogs can attack and bite. Discuss rabies vaccination with your doctor.
- Earthquake.
- Risk of fire in the hotel or lodge.
- Endemic local diseases. Discuss vaccinations with your doctor before departure.
- Physiological injury. Such as heart attack, appendicitis, hernia, toothache, etc. in a remote area.
- Road traffic accidents.
- Flight accidents. Read paragraph "Internal flight".
- Contaminated food and/ or water.

This trip visits a remote area. You are away from the usual emergency services and medical facilities. Evacuation for a serious injury requiring hospitalisation could take up to several days. This delay could impede your ensuing recovery. Helicopters are the usual means of evacuation. They are not always available or hindered by poor weather and flying conditions.

#### Internal Flights

### **INTERNAL FLIGHTS IN NEPAL**

Flights from Nepal's Short Take-Off & Landing ("STOL") airstrips are dependent on weather. Delays often happen if there is poor visibility or high winds. For our itineraries with flights to or from STOL, we include one extra day in Kathmandu at the end of the trip. This is in case of delays flying back. If the delays are longer we will help reschedule your international flights. There is likely to be a fee charged by the airline for this. You also have to pay for costs incurred in Kathmandu as a result of the delay such as accommodation and meals.

You should read the Foreign, Commonwealth, and Development Office ("FCDO") travel advice for Nepal. For their latest advice take a look at their [Safety & Security section under Air Travel](#). There have been some recent air accidents in Nepal. The European Union has banned Nepalese airlines from flying to Europe. For more information on Nepal's air safety profile take a look at [Aviation Safety Network](#).

#### Weather and conditions

### **WEATHER AND CONDITIONS FOR UPPER DOLPO TREK**

Our view is that the best time to do this trek is during May. This gives you the best chance of crossing the high passes out to Jomsom. It is also possible to do this trek in September into October. In most years the conditions on the passes are fine in the Autumn season. In some years there are early winter snows in October due to a cyclonic depression. If there is early snow this makes travel impossible for the pack animals.

This trek will have a wide range of temperatures depending on the season, altitude and time of day. During the first couple of days, it can be quite hot with temperatures up to 25 Celsius. The coldest temperatures will be in Sangda Phedi at an altitude of 5,100m. Overnight lows here can get down to

around -12 Celsius.

We have written a blog article [When is the best time to go trekking in Nepal Himalaya?](#) This has information about the weather and conditions in Spring and Autumn seasons. It also explains the differences between the trekking regions of Nepal.

Suggested reading

## BOOKS AND MAPS FOR UPPER DOLPO TREK

### Maps

Upper and Lower Dolpa 1:125,000 by Nepal Map Publisher Pvt. Ltd [by far the best available to this region]. This map is in your welcome pack when you arrive in Nepal.

### Books

High Frontiers: Himalayan Pastoralists in a Changing World by Kenneth Bauer. Recommended, it is available in Pilgrim's Bookshop in Kathmandu.

The Snow Leopard by Peter Matthiessen

Stones of Silence by George Schaller

Himalayan Pilgrimage by David Snellgrove

Himalaya DVD by Eric Valli

Beyond the Clouds: Trekking in the Hidden Land of Dolpo by Phil Dru

## ACCOMMODATION

### CAMPING IN NEPAL

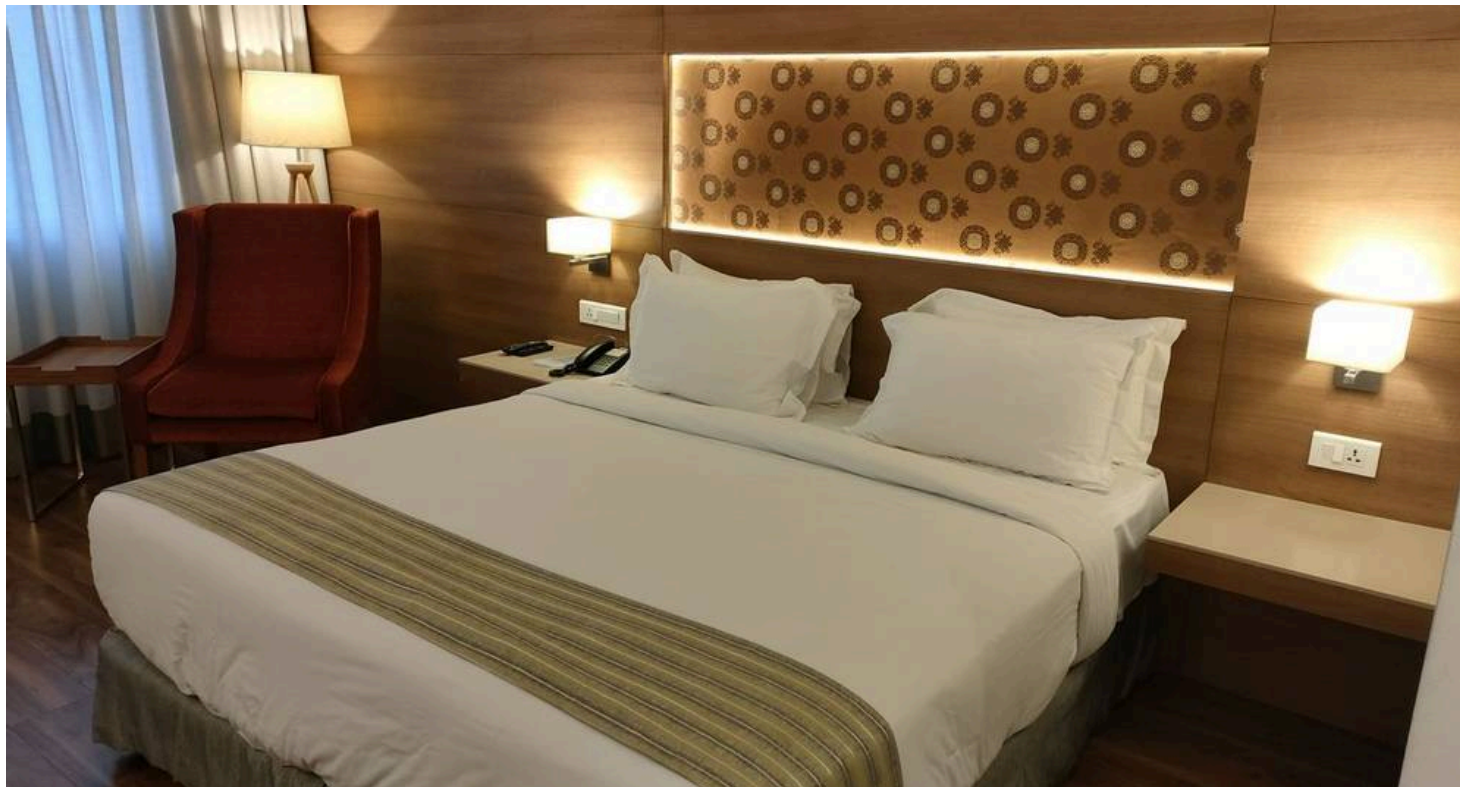


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We use both Mountain Hardwear Trango 3.1s and Quechua tents for our camping treks in Nepal.

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## HOTEL AMBASSADOR IN KATHMANDU



We have used [Hotel Ambassador](#) in Kathmandu for our groups since it was rebuilt in 2017. Since then we have received positive feedback on their service and location. This is our first choice hotel for trekking groups in Kathmandu. Rooms are well appointed with a reliable supply of hot water for use in the shower. The windows have double glazing so it keeps the rooms very quiet. They serve an excellent breakfast buffet from 7am to 10am. A sun-downer on their rooftop bar and restaurant called Foreign Affairs is a must do!

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## TRIP REPORTS

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**To read our Trip Reports for Upper Dolpo please click on the link below to our blog:**

[Upper Dolpo to Jomsom in May 2024 led by Natalie Wilson](#)

[Upper Dolpo to Jomsom in May 2022 led by Jason Day](#)

[Upper Dolpo to Jomsom in May 2018 led by Almas Khan](#)

[Upper Dolpo to Jomsom in May 2017 led by Jo Clark](#)

[Upper Dolpo to Jomsom in May 2016 led by Ade Summers](#)

[Upper Dolpo to Jomsom in May 2014 led by Ade Summers](#)

[Upper Dolpo to Jomsom in May 2010 led by Roland Hunter](#)

## TRIP REVIEWS

### REVIEW BY JOHN EAGER (AUSTRALIA) ON 28/06/2024

A Wondrous Journey Through the Remote Upper Dolpo Region Vast landscapes, ancient monasteries, and tiny remote villages, a twenty-seven-day trek through the Upper Dolpo region of northwest Nepal, culminating in crossing the seldom traveled Ghami La pass into the Upper Mustang region. A glimpse of a fast-disappearing ancient Tibetan culture set among sights such as Phoksundo Lake. Roland provides very detailed notes on all aspects of the trek and promptly answers any queries. Right from being picked up at Kathmandu airport, all aspects of this trek were covered including the complex regional permits and travel arrangements. Not that the group leader and all of the Nepalese crew couldn't be bettered. This is the second long remote area trek that I have done with the Mountain Company. ...

### REVIEW BY ROGER@DOLPO ON 24/06/2024

I had a most amazing camping trek in Dolpo, Nepal organised by the Mountain Company. This was over 4 weeks in a remote part of the country at high altitude. The Mountain Company is a serious tour operator specialising in treks in Nepal, Bhutan, Pakistan, and North India. It is an impressive outfit with a commitment to safety and health, high-quality sustainable travel, and, importantly, ethics in the way it cares for the crew locally. I have nothing but praise for Roland Hunter and staff and associates in Nepal. I felt inspired by its ethos and the way I was looked after generally. I'll certainly return. ...

### REVIEW BY SNOMO ON 13/07/2022

Upper Dolpo to Jomsom Upper Dolpo is a remote region in mid-West Nepal close to the Tibet border. The scenery throughout the trek is amazing ... forest environment, snowy mountain peaks, and dry arid mountain ranges. The trek goes through Shey Phoksundo National Park. Camping at Phoksundo Lake with lakefront view from the tent is like staying at a five-star resort. Encountered a variety of wildlife... different species of birds, blue sheep, and a SNOW LEOPARD. Though it is a strenuous trek, it is well worth the effort because the remoteness enables one to connect with oneself and Mother Nature by taking one away from the hectic pace of modern life. One also gets a sense of history and life in this region by interacting with friendly villagers and visiting gompas/monasteries. The Mountain Company (TMC) offers a variety of trekking holidays. Each trek is well-researched and is tested by TMC guides. The itineraries are designed for getting the best experience and acclimatisation when altitude is involved. Roland, the Managing Director, is very responsive to all inquiries. He is committed to responsible and ethical tourism. He ensures no garbage is left behind. He also ensures the well-being and safety of clients and crew are well looked after. Roland set up a Hardship Fund so the trekking crew got paid even though there was no trekking during COVID. The crew really appreciates the caring nature of Roland. In return, they show their appreciation by taking care of the trekkers. I have completed five treks with TMC since 2015. If no COVID, I would have completed a couple more. Looking forward to more trekking with TMC! ...

Notes downloaded on: 14-10-2024

